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## Aerospace Medicine Summit

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# Strategies for PHE Preparedness



Mar 2019

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### **Overview**

- Disclaimer
- There I was...
- ICS 201
- PHE Phased approach
- Intel Trigger
- Host Nation Collaboration
- The Disease of Fear
- Summary: Yoda's Method of Preparedness
- Questions



### Disclaimer

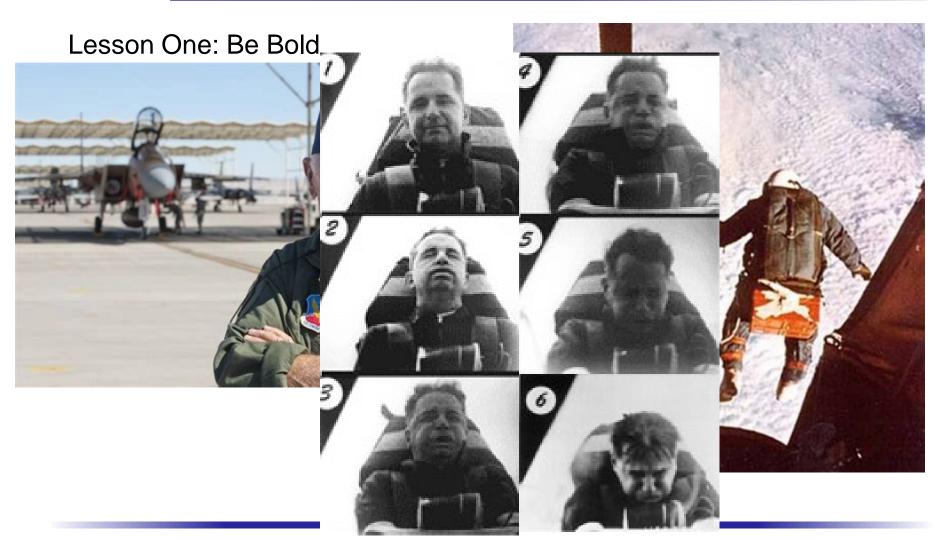
- Will be speaking in generalities from a largely US Air Force perspective, but my opinions are my own not the USAF's
- No conflicts of interest to divulge



#### Successes

- Built a PHEWG
- Reduced plan size by 150pgs
- Reconfigured the response paradigm—EM wins AF award
- Prevented real world impact to 24/7 operations area
- 91% of available base population vaccinated with Flu vaccine in one day (16Hrs)

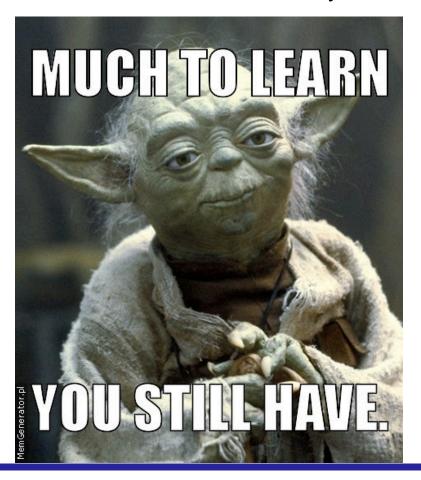




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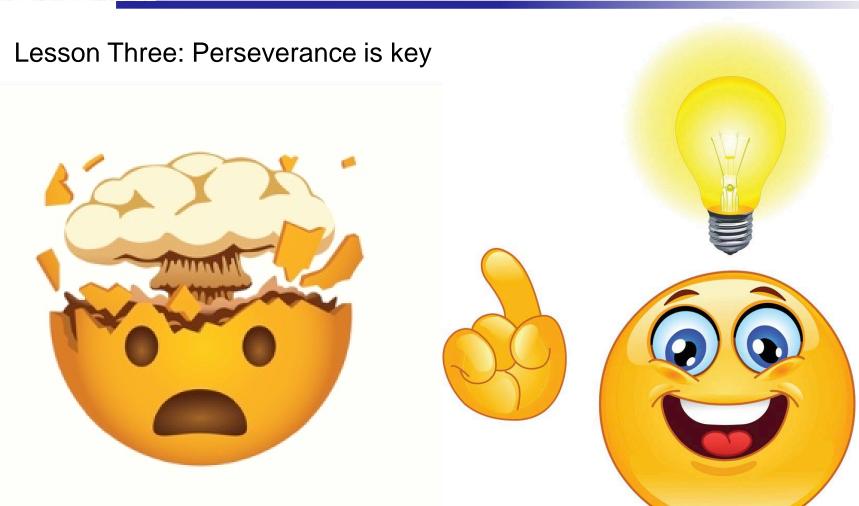


Lesson Two: There is much to learn...for everyone



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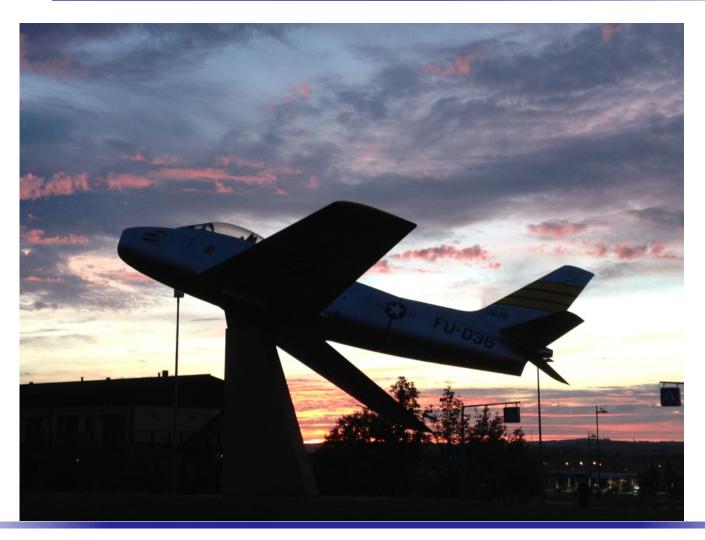




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# Spangdahlem



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EXERCISE EXERCISE

POD PLAN 2013

EXERCISE

**EXERCISE** 

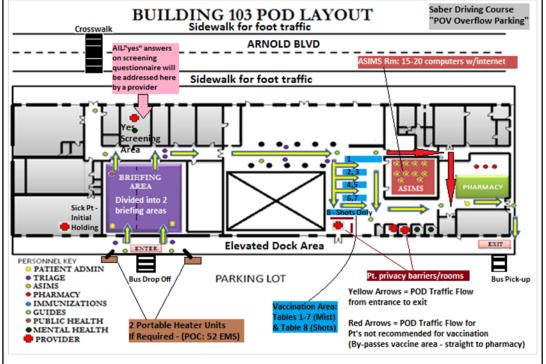
1. Incident Name: 2. In Saudi Flu Exercise/Real World POD POE

2. Incident Number: POD-1

3. Date/Time Initiated: Date: 16 Oct 2013 Time:

4. Map/Sketch

The Primary POD (COA #1) that will be used for this Saudi Flu Response Exercise / "Real World" Flu Vaccine Point of Dispensing (POD) event will be Building 103 which is typically the facility used for base deployment/reintegration events. The facility has many positive factors such as space for processing and briefing large groups, one-way traffic flow (crowd control) design and support space for provider satellite offices and computer hook-ups. It is also located on a main route (on Spangdahlem AB.



The alternate POD locations (COA #2) would be the – "Old Base Gym/Theater" and the (COA #3) "Hangar #1 and/or Tents". Tents if used would be set-up in a location TBD.

#### 5. Situation Summary and Health and Safety Briefing

#### EXERCISE EXERCISE

**Trigger Event:** Intelligence; Increased number of cases of Saudi Flu in Saudi Arabia, UAE and Iraq over last 2 months. Small number of cases in Italy (3; 2 deaths), Great Britain (2; 1 death), France (3; 1 death) (see summary below). All had recent travel to areas of interest. CDC states that mortality is dropped to <1% if Tamiflu is administered in the first 6hrs after initial symptom of fever (temp > 100.4F (980C)). Investigational vaccine has been developed and is effective at reducing transmission. No cases reported in Germany as yet. WHO has not declared this a Public Health Emergency of International Concern (PHEIC) as of yet. This is a disease of Military Concern not a Public Health Emergency in USAFE. DoD has directed all EUCOM bases to conduct a POD for distribution of vaccine and Tamiflu within 30 days to ensure Force Health Protection

Clinical Description: H7N7 - Flu-like illness progressing to Adult Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS). Expected Mortality Rate: ~50% Expected Infection rate: Unk

Number of Confirmed Cases: Saudi – 500 (200 deaths): UAE – 100 (60 deaths): Iraq – 140 (73 deaths)

ICS201 Layout



#### EXERCISE EXERCISE EXERCISE

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 $\textbf{Clinical Description:} \ \text{H7N7 - Flu-like illness progressing to Adult Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS)}.$ 

Expected Mortality Rate: ~50% Expected Infection rate: Unk

Number of Confirmed Cases: Saudi – 500 (200 deaths); UAE – 100 (60 deaths); Iraq – 140 (73 deaths)

**Population at Risk:** All; particularly immunocompromised; medical and first responders; Child care workers/educators; grouped housing (i.e. military barracks).

Mode of Transmission: respiratory droplet and contact with contaminated surfaces

Incubation Period: 2-10 days

**Natural Course:** 10-14d course: Sore throat, fever, dry cough, shortness of breath, pulmonary edema --. Death without adequate treatment in ~50% of infected persons; otherwise recover without incident.

Case Definition: Sore throat, fever, dry cough with "batwing" perihilar infiltrates on CXR

Laboratory Diagnostic Criteria: Viral culture takes 10d to two weeks for definitive. Nasal washing helpful but not specific.

Surveillance/Detection Methods: ESSENCE in PH, provider reporting, German PH department

**Effective Infection Control Measures:** Hygiene; Social Distancing; Isolation; Quarantine; PPE for medical/first responders-N95 mask optimal but regular surgical mask may be used if N95 not available; Vaccination (investigational); Medical treatment (Tamiflu); Avoidance of sick persons

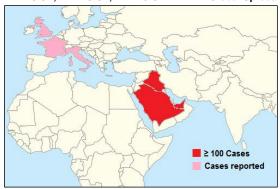
Other protective measures: Cover cough with elbow; sanitize common areas frequently with CDC recommended Lysol product; frequent hand washing or use of alcohol based hand sanitizer; stay at home if you are sick.

Action: Based on Phase 1 of Disease Containment (Intel Trigger) the DoD has directed all EUCOM bases to conduct a FULL SCALE POD (Point of Dispensing) for distribution of vaccine and Tamiflu within 30 days to ensure Force Health Protection

#### Additional consideration for Spangdahlem based on Exercise threat:

H7N7 is a disease of military concern - Expected Mortality Rate is 50% - potential exist for mission impact if cases occur. It is not currently declared a Public Health Emergency in USAFE. Currently there are no known cases in Germany. Cases and deaths have occurred in: Italy, England & France. Spangdahlem has military, civilians and local nationals that travel frequently to Italy, England and France. 100's of cases and multiple deaths have occurred in: Saudi Arabia, UAE & Iraq. Spangdahlem has personnel that travel to/from military bases in Saudi Arabia & UAE — highest frequency is from Al Dhafra AB in UAE

#### EXERCISE, EXERCISE, EXERCISE – "H7N7 Global Spread – Status Map"



#### Exercise, Exercise map info:

Breakdown of H7N7 "Saudi Flu by Country (Current as of 10 Oct 13 – cases all within 2 months) MIDDLE EAST

- Saudi Arabia: 500 cases/200 deaths
- Iraq: 140 cases/73 deaths
- UAE: 100 cases/60 deaths

#### **EUROPE**

- Italy: 3 cases/2 deaths
- Great Britain: 2 cases/1 death
- France: 3 cases/1 death

# ICS201 Situation



EXERCISE EXERCISE POD PLAN 2013 EXERCISE EXERCISE

 1. Incident Name:
 2. Incident Number:
 3. Date/Time Initiated:

 Saudi Flu Exercise/Real World POD
 POD-1
 Date: 16 Oct 2013 Time:

7. Current and Planned Objectives:

Phase 1 Objectives. Prevention PHEWG SECTION ASSIGNED

1. Thr	eat/Hazard/Risk Assessment	PH/BIO
2. lde	ntify needed response resources and current availability status	ALL
3. lde	ntify shortfalls and LIMFACs and develop mitigation strategy	ALL
4. Co	nfirm currency and review existing MAA/MOUs that may be implemented	ALL
5. Rev	riew plans that may be implemented	ALL
6. Inc	rease appropriate surveillance measures	MDOS/PH
7. Beg	in to implement appropriate infection control measures	ALL
8. lde	ntify training deficiencies and perform "just in time" training/education	ALL
9. Ens	sure reporting capabilities are in place	ALL
10. Co	nsider Public Risk Communication message	PA/PHEO
11. En	sure Recall/Mass Notification process ready to execute	ALL

#### **Operational Objectives:**

A. Identify and neutralize the risk of transmission from the first case ASAP when it becomes an imminent threat to the base/population

#### **EXERCISE Objectives**

- A. Demonstrate the ability to exercise the DCP by executing a Real World POD on 16 Oct IAW the exercise message.
- B. Demonstrate ability to provide real-time unit vaccination status updates.
- C. Offer Flu vaccinations at the POD to all MTF beneficiaries.
- D. Capture lessons learned from the POD in this document (via Hotwash POD leaders; PHEWG; monitoring feedback on Facebook other "HUMINT" sources).

#### **Tactical POD Objectives**

- A. Maintain patient and provider safety throughout operations
- B. To meet operational objective: Conduct surveillance for disease real time on all processed personnel and limit the risk of transmission with infection control measures
- C. Administer Flu vaccinations at the POD to 90% of available 52 FW AD Military Personnel.
- D. Process personnel at a rate of 750/per hour through the POD.
- E. Develop means to provide real-time unit vaccination status updates.

Time: Action/strategies/tactics for execution of objectives:

ICS201 Objs



**Strategy:** Activate the Public Health Emergency Working Group (PHEWG) to address the above PHASE objectives and function in a threat analysis capacity (like a TWG). Take specific actions for each objective and provide recommendations for base disease containment based on threat. **Objective Tactics:** 

Threat analysis was conducted using a specific spreadsheet listing the threats/hazards. These
threats led to a need for further information about current travel of base personnel to
affected areas to clearly define the risk. Coordination of multiple base agencies (OSI, Pax
Terminal, OG, Installation Deployment Officer) to quantify risk. NOTE: Understanding of the
disease behavior and other specifics (infectivity, transmission, lethality etc) are fundamental
to this assessment and were obtained from the CDC website using MERS as the paradigm.
Modifications were made to disease specifics to facilitate the exercise (more rapid

transmission; treatable with Tamiflu and an investigational vaccine available)

- 2. Status of resources to respond were gauged by each PHEWG member for both POD development and should the situation advance to a PHE. Specifically quantity and availability of medication, vaccine, PPE, infection control agents (sanitizers/ hand gel), transportation resources, quarantine/isolation capabilities, preparation of legal documents (PHE declaration, quarantine/isolation notification, SFS ROE, etc.), PA assets/availability/opportunities to produce messaging. These resources were listed in section 10 of this document with assets, capabilities, LIMFACs and support requirements for each listed in the Notes section.
- Mitigation priorities were educate, defend, identify, contain/intervene and resulted in four
  operational branches: Infection Control, Base Security, Public Affairs and Medical Operations.
  Strategies and tactics for each are attached.
- 4. MOUs with hospitals were reviewed to ensure that hospitals would receive the index case when identified. DRK was not consulted about transport, but it would be feasible for the 52 MDG to use it's own assets for the transport of this patient with decontamination with Lysol spray and limiting disease spread by masking the patient.
- 5. Plans reviewed included the MCRP and the IDP. DCP is in rewrite due to the fact that it cannot be easily reviewed in these cases (too long and cumbersome).
- 6. Surveillance tactics included the use of ESSENCE, monitoring through CDC website, German PH department liaison, and a proposal to investigate the use of thermal imaging at the PAX terminal to aid in the identification of ill personnel. Also provider education about the disease, case definition, and appropriate assessment was distributed in the MDG.
- 7. Infection control tactics are listed on the attached.
- 8. Training deficiencies identified included N95 mask training that was accomplished JIT; provider education on disease; ASIMS education for personnel to man computers; vaccination administration training to expand our capacity. One failure was the education of providers on indications and contraindications of vaccination and standardization of recommendations for evaluation of patients who answered "yes" to some of the survey questions.

Further the PHEWG executes the "planning P" to discuss and plan for the Exercise Threat and Real World POD Event. PHEWG Meetings were conducted on: 6 Sep, 10 Sep, 20 Sep (exercise initiation), 27 Sep (Tactics meeting; COA decision) and 4 Oct (Plan approval) at the Wing IG CR.

#### Sept-Oct 2013

Sept 2013

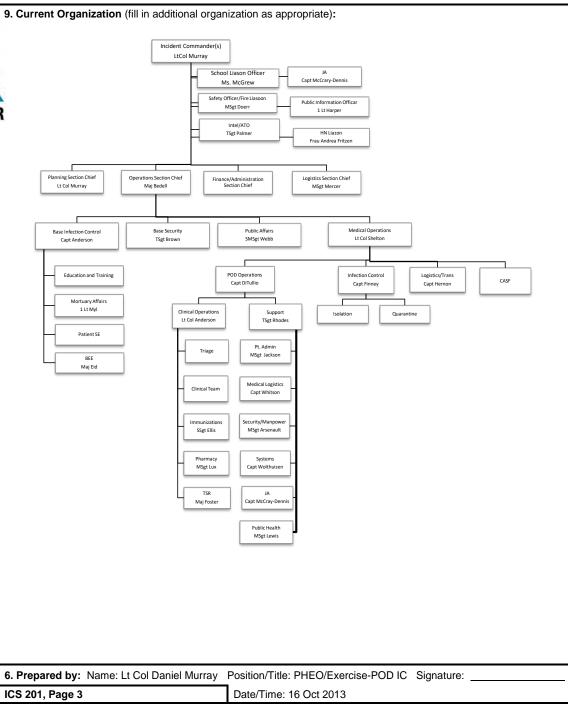
Respond to Exercise Injects – Task PHEWG Members to Execute the Read World POD Event Planning/Execution measures based on the POD Event Organizational Structure Chart (Included Below)

#### 27 Sep 2013

PHEWG Meeting - Draft POD Plan reviewed (all PHEWG members reported on LIMFACS, Strategies, Capabilities and Requirements). Building #103 selected as the primary POD location.

# ICS201 TTPs





# ICS201 Org



1. Incident Name: Saudi Flu Exercise/Real World POD		2. Incident Number: POD-1			3. Date/Time Initiated: Date: 16 Oct 13 Time:		
10. Resource Summary:		ī					
Resource	POC	Contact Info	ETA	Arrived	Notes (location/assignment/status)		
Incident Commander/PHEO/Plan ning Section Chief	Lt Col Daniel Murray	452-8256			On Scene IC. PHEWG Chair/PHEO Support Needed: Radio, Comm Plan, Team Leader Staffing Plans, Final 201 plan		
Operations Section Chief	Maj Ren Bedell	452-8303			Onsite Support Needed: Radio, Comm Plan, Team Leader Staffing Plans, Final 201 plan		
					DoDEA School Liaison/PHEWG Representative – Will promote POD Schedule with open hours to teachers, parents and thei children.		
School Liaison Officer	Ms Chi McGrew	452-6942			Request that POD have a vaccination receive receipt that parents, children and teachers call use to prove they received their vaccination arequired for employment and school attendance.		
Safety Officer/Fire Liaison	MSgt David Doerr	452-4403			Fire/Safety Rep		
Intel/ATO	TSgt David Palmer	452-6120			ATO Rep		
Host Nation Liaison	Frau Andrea Fritzen	452-8408			Public Health Civilian – Host Nation POC for PHEWG. Will assist with resolving any Flu POD participation/access concerns from Loca National Employees – LN Employees receive vaccinations from local providers and cannot be mandated to receive them at the POD.		
Logistics Section Chief	MSgt Gregory Mercer/Ca pt Herner	452-6008			Transportation – POD Schedule		
Base Infection Control (Primary POC)	Capt Daniel Anderson	452-8427			Infection Control SME for base focused initiatives		
Base Infection Control (Support)	Maj Claudia Eid	452-8348			Bio Environmental Engineering Flight Commander – Assisting with infection control considerations for respiratory protection. Assets: Just in time provider fit testing for respiratory mask/PPE (Ex. N-95 masks). Support for hazard/risk assessments.		

1<sup>st</sup> Lt

TSgt Larry

Brown

452-7880

452-6382

Mortuary Affairs

Base Security (SFS)

Assets: Mortuary Affairs, Lodging (isolation/quarantine needs), food services/options for POD workers and isolation/quarantined personnel.

LIMFACS: May have limited

isolation/quarantine options

**Outside Security** 

# ICS201 ACLS



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**ICS201** 

Base Infection Control

(Support)

Mortuary Affairs

Base Security (SFS)

Maj Claudia Eid

1<sup>st</sup> Lt

TSgt Larry

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Bio Environmental Engineering Flight Commander - Assisting with infection control considerations for respiratory protection. Assets: Just in time provider fit testing for

respiratory mask/PPE (Ex. N-95 masks).

Support for hazard/risk assessments. 52 FSS/FSOX - PHEWG Liaison Assets: Mortuary Affairs, Lodging (isolation/quarantine needs), food services/options for POD workers and isolation/quarantined personnel. LIMFACS: May have limited

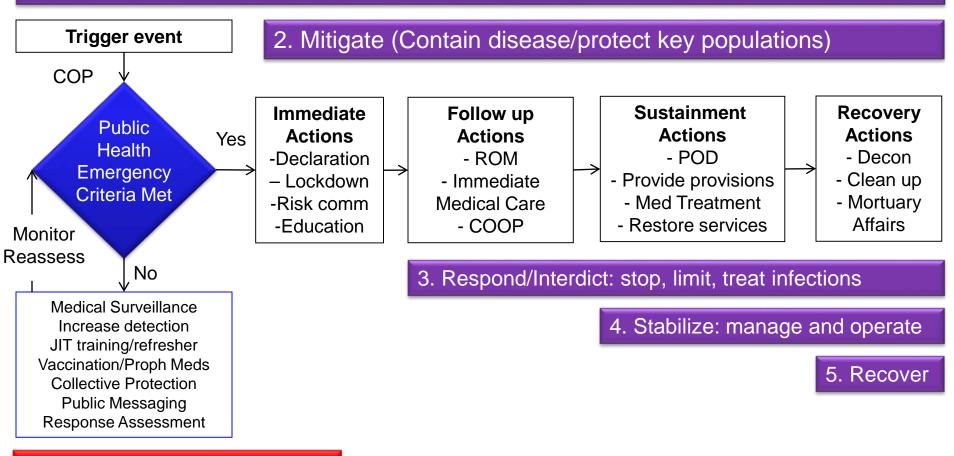
isolation/quarantine options

Outside Security



#### DoD Phased Response of Disease Containment

### 1. Protect (Prevent Infection/FHP)



HPCON 0 A B C D

3

2

**Incident Level 5** 

D C

A

B



# Phase 0 objectives

- Adaptive disease containment planning; creating DCP (CONOPS: train, organize, equip), TTPs (WHAT you will do and HOW) and Subject Matter Expert Response Tables (SMERT) books (Assets; Capabilities; Support Reqs; LIMFACS)
- Routine medical/PH surveillance.
- Engagement in activities to assure and solidify collaborative relationships, shape perceptions, and influence behavior in order to be prepared for a disease incident.
- This phase includes education, training and exercising of the DCP for key personnel, interagency, and other partners/stakeholders-particularly host nation counterparts.
  - Training PHEWG on roles/responsibilities.
  - IAP planning process.
  - Incident command system and paperwork
  - PHEWG CONOPS and TTPs.
  - Exercises at unit levels and beyond; integrate with host nation capabilities required as part of a response to ensure interoperability.



Risk assessment

# Phase 1 objectives

TWG/PHEWG

**PHEWG** 

Check status of resources to respond	PHEWG
ID shortfalls/LIMFACS	PHEWG
MOUs/MAAs status	PHEWG
Review plans	PHEWG
Increase surveillance	PH/BE/CE
Begin infection control measures	PH/PHEO

Reporting capabilities are in place ICC/CAT/MCC

Public risk communication message
PA/PHEO/PH

Recall/mass notification
ICC/CAT

ID training deficiencies JIT training

Set Threshold for PHE
PHEO/PHEWG





- Declare Public Health Emergency IAW DCP Installation CC/JA
- Take necessary action to contain the disease PHEO/PHEWG/EOC
- Identify key personnel /begin to implement Force Protection
   Infection Control measures
   PHEO/PHEWG/EOC
- Establish DRF/ICS structure

CAT/EOC/PHEWG/UCCs

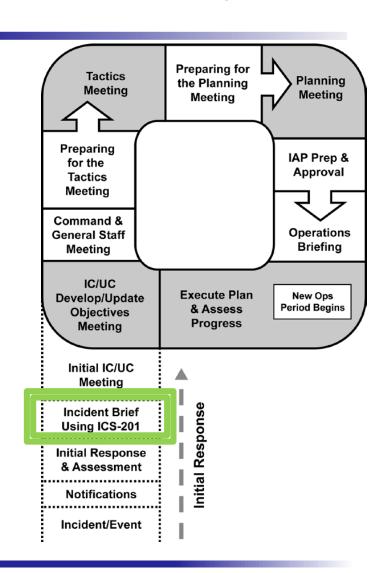
- Begin Public Risk Communication messages to implement initial population at risk (PAR) actions
   PA/PHEO
- Prepare for Phase 3: Interdiction actions

CAT/EOC/PHEWG



# **Battle Rhythm**

- UC Objectives Update Meeting Time
- Command Staff Meeting Following
- Tactics Meeting Time
- Planning Meeting Time
- IAP Approval Meeting Time
- Ops Brief Time



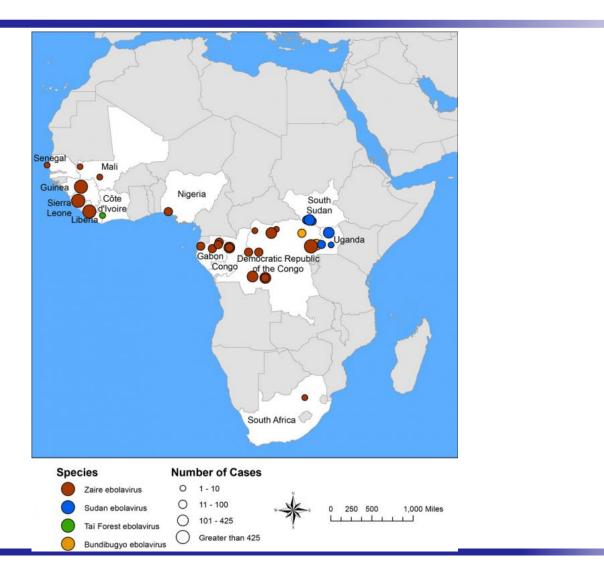




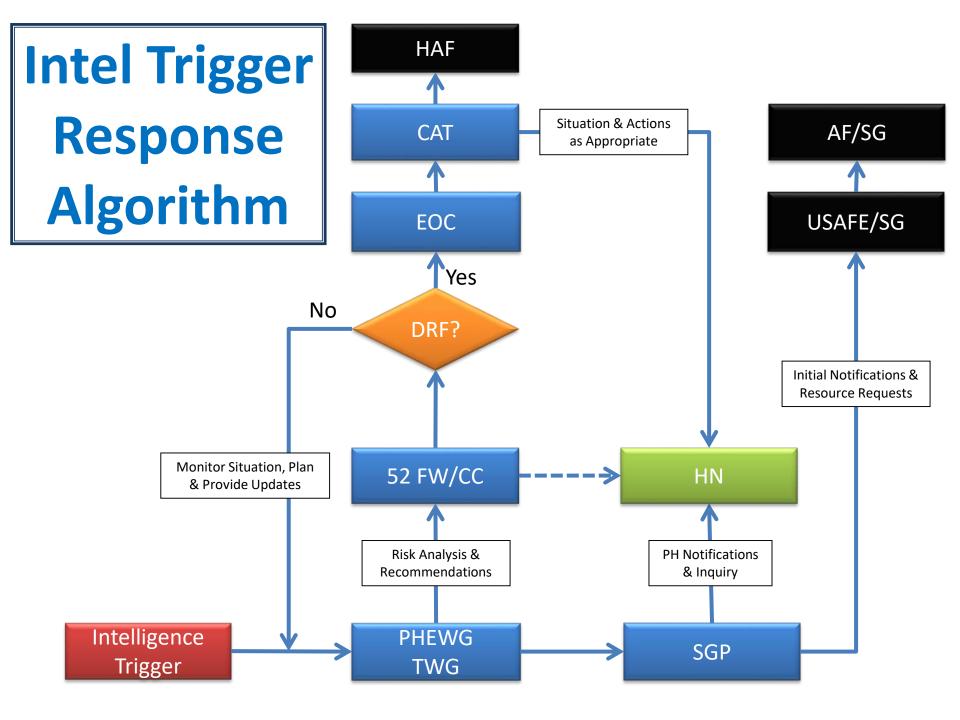
- Risk Communication Message of What is "sick", reporting instructions, when/where to seek medical treatment.
- Establish treatment area for the infected population; for sick but not infected; quarantine of exposed & isolation
   PHEWG/MCC
- Plan for the removal of dead to limit disease spread
  PHEWG/FSS
- Prepare Legal documents for Quarantine, Isolation notification PHEWG/JA
- Determine and implement Restrictions of Movement strategy with appropriate Risk Communication message
   PHEWG/PH/PA
- Prepare for next operational phase; assess/order supplies for POD (SNS?)MCC/PHEO/PH
- Move personnel to quarantine/isolation facilities and arrange for peacetime disaster sheltering support
   PHEWG/LRS/CE
- Arrange transport/evacuation for critical cases to appropriate definitive care facilities



# Spangdahlem



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### Host Nation Collaboration



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# Spangdahlem Exercise

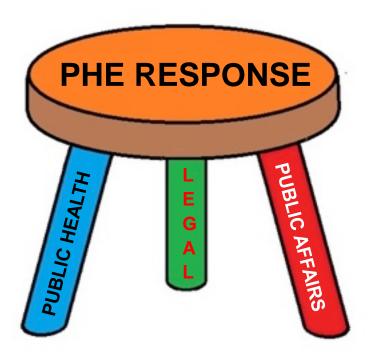


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### Lesson Learned

Lesson Four: Fighting the FEAR of the disease will take more resources than the disease itself





### Lessons Learned

Lesson Five: You may not be able to kill the crazy—even in your own team





### Lessons Learned

Lesson six: You can leverage the crazy. Just don't feed it!



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# Yoda's Method of Preparedness

- 1. Take a PROactive role
- 2. Get Smarter/Build a Team
  - Organize/train/equip a Cadre of Subject Matter Experts (PHEWG)
  - Know your ACLS (Assets, Capabilities, LIMFACs, Support Req
  - Know/Use the Incident Command System—even NATO uses it
- 3. Get Ready

FORWARD TOGETHER

- Make an EXECUTABLE CONOPS (NOT A PLAN)
  - An Indecent Action Plan (IAP) requires an incident
- Analyze your environment for threats: does your ACLS match?



#### 4. GO!

- Test the CONOPS through exercises of highest risk/highest probability threats
  - Realistic!
  - Expanding series
- Use the ICS paperwork to create a specific Incident Action
   Plan for specific threats
- Revise the plan/CONOPS based on lessons learned
- 5. Reassess and Repeat based on threats
  - Respond to smaller real world threats to keep skills sharp!



### **Questions?**

My dad encouraged us to fail. Growing up, he would ask us what we failed at that week. If we didn't have something, he would be disappointed. It changed my mindset at an early age that failure is not the outcome, failure is not trying.

Don't be afraid to fail.

— Sara Blakely —

AZ QUOTES